#5 Semi-annual Report (Reporting period: January to June 2023) September 2023

Georgia: Modern Skills for Better Jobs Sector Development Program, Subprogram 1

Prepared by Project Implementation Unit for the Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia and the Asian Development Bank.

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# **ACRONYMS & ABBREVIATIONS**

ADB	Asian Development Bank
DNP	Defects Notification Period
EA	Executing agency
EMP	Environmental Management Plan
EMS	Environmental Management System
GRC	Grievance Redress Committee
GRM	Grievance Redress Mechanism
IEE	Initial Environmental Examination
MOES	Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia
PCU	Project Coordination Unit
PIU	Project Implementation Unit
PMU	Project Management Unit
SSEMP	Site Specific Environmental Management Plan
VET	Vocational education and training
TOR	Terms of Reference
NQF	National qualifications framework
CBTA	Competency-based training and assessment

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# Annex 1. EMP

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Preamble

- 1. This report represents the Semi Annual Environmental Monitoring Review of Modern skills for better jobs sector development program subprogram 1- design and rehabilitation/reconstruction works in skills hubs and secondary schools.
- 2. This report is the fifth Semi-Annual EMR prepared for the period of January-June 2023.

#### 1.2 Headline information

- 3. The project supports the GoG efforts to transform the vocational education and training (VET) sector. The program is aligned with the following impact: inclusive economic growth strengthened. It will result in the following outcome: a responsive VET network promoting excellence in skills development strengthened. Proposed program reform areas are: (i) quality and relevance of VET in priority economic sectors improved; (ii) access to, and inclusiveness of, the VET system increased; and (iii) institutional framework strengthened through increased private participation in VET. The impact of the project will be: labor productivity and competitiveness of the economy enhanced; its outcome will be: VET institutions and program aligned with evolving labor market needs.
- 4. The project has been assigned environmental category B, in accordance with the ADB Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS 2009). IEE report with the EMP is considered as sufficient environmental assessment of the project. According to Georgian legislation, preparation of environmental impact assessment in none of the locations, where construction works are planned, is required.
- 5. The Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia has agreed to implement the Environmental Management Plan (EMP) and submit regular reports on its implementation. The consolidated Initial Environmental Examination (IEE), including the EMP, has been prepared in accordance with the ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement (2009) and published on the Asian Development Bank (ADB) website in September 2020, which was revised by PIU and approved by ADB in December 2021. After final equipment list and based on the request of local municipality representatives there was a need for allocation of three initial sites, therefore there was need for revision of Supplementary Environmental Examination & Social Safeguards Due Diligence report. After finalizing detail designs, DCS firm is responsible for providing revised IEE and Due diligence reports for each location.

IEE is designed to avoid and/or compensate the negative environmental impacts that may results from the project works and it considers all phases of the project cycle. The plan provides overview of the environmental monitoring at the construction and operation stages and includes timeframe and responsibilities for carrying out the monitoring process. IEE includes results of information disclosure, public consultation and participation process.

6. Detailed design and construction supervision firm has been contracted on 30.06.2022. The project is in the final stage of design phase. Construction activities are not commenced yet.

Modern Skills for Better Jobs Sector Development Program – Subprogram 1: Initial Environmental Examination Report (IEE) (<a href="https://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/project-documents/52339/52339-001-iee-en-0.pdf">https://www.adb.org/sites/default/files/project-documents/52339/52339-001-iee-en-0.pdf</a>)

Construction works should be planned in such a way as to prevent the transposition of flora and fauna. Therefore, the project will have no direct impacts on the biodiversity of neither area. In some of the locations where rehabilitation/reconstruction work is planned, the training process will take place in parallel. This fact is also an additional challenge for the construction work for which appropriate mitigation measures will be applied.

#### 2. PROJECT DESCRIPTION AND CURRENT ACTIVITIES

#### 2.1 Project Description

- 7. The program represents ADB's first engagement in the education sector in Georgia. Its design was informed by ADB's extensive experience in VET across Asia, in such diverse countries as India, Indonesia, the People's Republic of China, and Viet Nam. Two overarching lessons derived from it are the need for political and financial commitment to raising the quality of VET, and the importance of private sector involvement, not least in planning, financing, and curriculum development. Other lessons from previous ADB projects and broader VET experience are the importance of (i) mobilizing students to pursue VET; (ii) incorporating entrepreneurship into programs; (iii) recruiting and training qualified teachers; (iv) providing career guidance and good labor market data to improve decision-making; (v) taking measures to increase women's participation; (vi) combining inclass training and work-based learning (WBL); (vii) imparting soft skills; and (viii) using recognized quality standards, testing, and certification processes. The program incorporates these lessons through both its program actions and project initiatives.
- 8. The project finances the establishment of innovative skills hubs in existing VET institutes in Kutaisi and Telavi to deliver high-quality and relevant training in seven priority economic sectors. The skills hubs will display sector leadership and innovation, develop national and international links, and support other VET institutes. The program will finance improved gender-sensitive facilities; updated equipment; training in entrepreneurship, languages, and soft skills; student placement services; capacity building; and support for income-generating activities.
- 9. The hub locations were chosen based on (i) their proximity to economic growth nodes, (ii) alignment of programs with priority economic sectors, (iii) government priorities, and (iv) the condition of facilities and equipment. Skills hubs will have increased public and private funding. The program will develop new or revise existing competency-based training and assessment programs at national qualifications framework (NQF) levels 4 and 5. The program steering committee will be able to propose changes to the prioritization of economic sectors and VET programs to reflect changes in economic circumstances or government priorities. The project will also support the introduction of income-generating activities in skills hubs.
- 10. The project will support the introduction of VET in 20 secondary schools to deliver competency-based training and assessment (CBTA) VET programs at national qualifications framework levels 3 and 4 in priority economic sectors, by upgrading facilities, providing equipment, supporting curriculum development, and building capacity. It will also (i) formulate a VET gender policy and guidelines, (ii) undertake social marketing of VET, and (iii) establish a career guidance and counseling system.
- 11. List of locations: rehabilitation/reconstruction works in skills hubs and secondary schools.
  - 1) Simon Skhirtladze Oni public school
  - 2) Ilia Chavchavadze Sachkhere public school #2
  - 3) Chiatura public school #1
  - 4) Vani public school #1
  - 5) Terjola public school #2
  - 6) Zestaponi public school #6
  - 7) Kharagauli public school #2
  - 8) Samtredia public school #11 merged with #15

- 9) Hub Kutaisi college Iberia (two locations)
- 10) Hub Kutaisi State University
- 11) Ramin Dikhaminjia Ckhorotsu public school #1
- 12) Tsalenjikha public school #1
- 13) Abasha public school #1
- 14) Martvili public school #1
- 15) Akhaltsikhe municipality Vale public school #1
- 16) Aspindza public school
- 17) Ninotsminda public school #4
- 18) Village Mukhrani public school #1
- 19) Levan Devdariani Gardabani public school #1
- 20) Kareli public school #1
- 21) Akhmeta Municipality Village Duisi public school
- 22) Sighnaghi municipality Tsnori public school #1
- 23) Hub Telavi college Prestige

#### 12. Locations are given in the Figure 1 below.



Fig. 1: Map of the Project locations

#### 2.2 Project Contracts and Management

13. A list or table of main organizations involved in the project and relating to Environmental Safeguards is given at **Error! Reference source not found.**1 below. It includes lender, borrower and PIU (Project implementation unit), environmental staff with their names and contact details.

**Table 1. List of Main Organizations under the Project** 

Type of project participant	Name of Agency/Company	Environmental Staff	Name and contact details
Lender	Asian Development Bank	Country Environmental Focal	Ninette R. Pajarillaga  E-mail: npajarillaga@adb.org
		Associate Safeguards Officer Georgia Resident Mission Asian Development Bank	Nino Nadashvili Tel: +995 577 44 09 90 nnadashvili@adb.org
		Environmental RETA Consultant Georgia Resident Mission Asian Development Bank	Giorgi kobaladze Tel: +995 599 689834 gkobaladze@adb.org
Borrower	Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia		Ms. Tamar Dvali  Tel: +995 599 374441  E-mail: dvali.tamar@mes.gov.ge
		PIU Environmental/Social Safeguards Specialist	George Tvildiani  Tel: +995 551 93 33 99  E-mail: gtvildiani@mes.gov.ge

- 14. In relation to the environmental aspects, the PIU Environmental/Social Safeguard Specialist George Tvildiani :
  - ensures that bidding documents include all requirement to implement IEE and its EMP.
  - ensures that the bidder selected will have adequate resources to implement and update EMP.
  - undertakes safeguards monitoring activities and prepare safeguard reports to be submitted to ADB.
  - ensures that other project-related tasks are complied with ADB SPS 2009 and Government requirement.

- will review and approve Site-Specific and Topic Specific Management Plans prepared by Construction Contractor.
- 15. During the construction environmental specialist of the Construction Supervision Consultant, Salome Meparishvili will assist the PIU to supervise and monitor implementation of the EMP/SSEMP during construction.
- 16. The PIU, through the architectural design and construction supervision firm's environment, health and safety specialists will ensure:
  - The site-specific EMPs, based on the generic EMP included to the IEE, will be submitted by the contractor(s) to the PIU for approval at least 10 days before taking possession of any work site. No access to the site will be allowed until the site-specific EMPs will be approved by the PIU:
  - Sufficient resources are made available to implement, monitor, and record the implementation of the EMPs:
  - Semi-annual environmental monitoring reports are prepared and submitted to ADB for disclosure on the ADB's website within one (1) month of the end of each period covered until the project completion report is issued;
  - The environmental monitoring reports include, inter alia, a review of progress made on the implementation of the EMPs, problems encountered, and remedial measures taken.
  - In case of a change in design, the IEE and EMP must be reviewed to ensure that additional impacts (if any) are incorporated and addressed;
  - Contractors are supervised to ensure compliance with the requirements of the IEE and the EMPs;
  - In the event of unanticipated environmental impacts occurring, PIU must immediately inform ADB, prepare a corrective action plan (CAP), coordinate with ADB and implement it;
  - Public consultations will be continued during project's implementation stage.
  - coordination with PIU and health and safety specialist(s) of the contractors to ensure safety and wellbeing of the workers and communities with regard to Covid-19

The contractor, through its environmental, health and safety specialist(s), will ensure:

- preparation, at the pre-construction stage, of the site-specific EMPs based on the IEE and generic EMP, and submission them for approval to the PIU;
- implementation of the EMP under supervision of the PIU;
- submission of monthly environmental monitoring reports to the PIU;
- In case of unpredicted environmental impacts occurring during project implementation, immediately inform the PIU;
- The safety and well-being of workers and communities in regard to COVID-19, in liaison with the design and construction supervision firm's environment, health and safety specialist;
- In case of any major accident at the construction site immediately inform the PIU;
- There is adequately record of the condition of roads, and other relevant infrastructure prior to

starting to transportation of materials and civil works; and

 Pathways and other local infrastructure are reinstated to at least their pre-project condition upon the completion of construction.

#### 2.3 Project Activities During Current Reporting Period

16. The IEE study was carried out in 2020, afterwards the document was twice revised by PIU and approved by ADB in 2021 and 2022. As part of the assessment, desk research of the project concept notes, technical assistant reports, legislation and available secondary data was carried out. ADB's safeguard policy requirements and state legal framework were reviewed. Field observations were conducted on the project pre-selected sites for assessing existing conditions and potential project impacts. The key receptors and stakeholders were identified. The significant project impacts were assessed based on the review of the project proposed activities and field observations, and corresponding measures were proposed to reduce impacts within acceptable limits according to the national and international standards. Those measures are reflected in environmental management plan (EMP) and environmental monitoring plan. For this moment DCS firm is finalizing detail designs accordingly revising IEE and Due diligence reports of each location.

17. Field visits and stakeholder consultation meetings have been already conducted and continues systematically. Field visits and stakeholder consultation meetings have been conducted in six locations in the guarter 2, 2023: Annex 3

Akhmeta Municipality Village Duisi Public school

Levan Devdariani Gardabani Public School #1

Sighnaghi Municipality Tsnori Public School #1

Terjola Public School #2

Zestaponi Public School #6

Telavi college (HUB)

18.Design & Supervision Company is finalizing detailed design of each location. It had to be submitted to PIU by the end of August 2023.

#### 2.4 Description of Any Changes to Project Design

18. After relocation of three initial sites (Kharagauli public school N2; Kutaisi State University; Kutaisi Hub (Nikea street)) IEE as well as EMP has been updated. Several online meetings have been held with principals, teachers and students of these three sites. As the initial locations were changed for above mentioned schools and initial IEE was updated, accordingly new water samples have been taken from all three schools in the Quarter 4 2022. For chemical and microbiological examinations water samples has been taken from all three schools. During finalizing the detail designs of each location field visits and stakeholder consultation meetings have been already conducted.

#### 2.5 Description of Any Changes to Project Design

19. N/A

#### 3. ENIRONMENTAL SAEGARDDS ACTIVITIES

#### 3.1 General Description of Environmental Safeguard Activities

20. No civil works commenced yet, since the contract hasn't been awarded yet and bidding is yet to take place.

#### 3.2 Site Audits

21. N/A.

#### 3.3 Unanticipated Environmental Impacts or Risks

22. N/A.

#### 3.4 Grievance Redress Mechanism

- 23. ADB's SPS required the borrower/client to establish a GRM to receive and facilitate the resolution of complaints related to the project. During the period January June 2022 establishment of GRM by PIU has been finalized and sent to ADB for approval Annex 2, During the period January June 2023 ADB has approved the GRM send by PIU.
- 24. No grievances and complaints were received during January June 2023 reporting period.

#### 4. RESULTS OF ENIRONMENTAL MONITORING

25. N/A.

#### 5. FUNCTIONING OF THE SSEMP

- 26. Within 28 days of the Commencement Date the Contractor shall develop and submit SSEMP to Employer. SSEMP will be reviewed and endorsed by the supervision company's environmental specialist and approved by the PIU. The SSEMP will be submitted to the Employer for approval at least 10 days before taking possession of any work site. No access to the site will be allowed until the SSEMP is approved by the Project Implementation Unit (PIU)".
- 27. In case of changes (additions/deletions and modifications) of mitigation or monitoring measures have been approved, the PIU shall ensure that the SEMP is updated to reflect these changes.

#### 6. GOOD PRACTICE AND OPPORTUNITY FOR IMPROVEMENT

28. N/A.

#### 7. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

- 29. No environmental safeguard issues were faced during the reporting period as there were no physical works and bidding is yet to start.
- 30. The next steps in terms of the expected schedule for bidding and contract award are summarized in the Table 2 below.

Table 2. Next steps

#	Activities	Schedule
1	After the detailed design of each project IEE will be revised.	
		Q3 2023
2	Environment, health and safety provisions will be incorporated in construction firm's contract documents.	Q3 2023

**Annex 1: Environmental Management Plan** 

Project Activity/	Potential Risks and Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Location	Indicators	Institutional responsibility		Implement ation	Related Costs
Item					Impleme ntation	Supervisi on	Schedule	
Pre-constructi	on Phase	<u> </u>			manon	1 011	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Planning of the project activities	Safeguards	(i) Review of IEE and update of EMP in case of changes in the list of the project selected sites and/or other important circumstances		Safeguards related aspects are properly considered during planning and implementation of the project activities	TA		TA phase	Expert related costs
Integration of safeguards related aspects into the bidding documents	Bidding documents are not responsive to the safeguards related issues and performance of the contractor is low	(i) Include all safeguards related clauses and integrate IEE and EMP into the bidding documents.  (ii) Include in contract provisions heals and safety issues, containing a specific COVID-19 risk management plan (as part of the HSP and ERP)	For each site	Bidding documents contain all necessary clauses related to safeguard issues;  IEE and EMP are attached to the bidding documents and contractor is performing accordingly;  Health and safety provisions including COVID-19 risk management plan (as part of the HSP and ERP) is in place prior to the contract award	PIU		Project start phase Prior to contract award	No special costs expected

Planning	of	Safeguard	(i) Preparation of site-	For each site	Site-specific	EMPs	are	Contract	Architect	Two weeks	Expert
the	civil	incompliances	specific EMPs, taking		prepared and	presented	d to	or	ural	before	related costs
works		observed in	into account site-		PIU for appro	oval at le	ast		Design	starting the	

	different places during the implementation of the works	specific environmental and social safeguards issues and requirements; potential impacts on sensitive receptors and corresponding mitigation measures;  (ii) Assess and confirmation of the COVID-19 specific HSP and ERP submitted by contractor before commencement of the works		ten days prior to starting of the civil works;  The works are planned taking into account all possible site-specific risks, includes corresponding mitigation measures and are in compliance with site-specific requirements'  COVID-19 specific HSP and ERP are confirmed before commencement of the works		and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm PIU	civil works	
Construction regulations and obtaining permits	In compliance with construction standards and regulations and lack of necessary permits for the construction related works	(i) Agree design and construction related works with all relevant institutions;  (ii)get necessary permits from relevant state institutions if required.  (iii) Particular attention to the construction near the sensitive receptors, high voltage power lines, railways, or other facilities.	For each site	All necessary permits are obtained and works agreed with corresponding institutions;  Documents are presented to the PIU before starting of the civil works	Contract	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm	Before the commence ment of the civil works	No special costs expected
Planning of transportation	Provisions related to traffic regulation and vehicle movement	Develop traffic management framework prior to the commencement of the works.	For each site	Traffic management framework is in place	Contract or	Architect ural Design and Construct	Before the commence ment of the civil works	Cost for preparation of the plan

	skipped in the designing process						ion Supervisi on Firm		
Designing	Non-optimized design of the workshops leading to adverse environmental impacts at the construction and operational phases	(i) Taking into account the environmental and social safeguards aspects when planning the design of workshops;  (ii) Consider green building concept for workshops design;  (iii) Taking into account the existing vegetation cover when selecting the construction area in order to avoid cutting of trees and other plantations as much as possible;  (iv) Consideration of design alternatives to minimize adverse environmental impacts at the construction and operational phases;  (v) Ensure energy efficiency of buildings to reduce resource utilization and emissions during its	For each site	Optimal workshop for each site	design	Contract	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm	Pre-contraction/designing stage	Design preparation costs

	operation							
Information dissemination  Unprepare of teache students, local communidelays in learning p	edness Informing stakeholders advance on the state of the civil works	For each site in tart	least 1	on is disclosed at 0 days before of the civil works	Contract	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm	Prior to the start of the civil works	Costs related to dissemination of the information
Construction Phase								
Moving of Noise vehicles and vibration	free from learning avoid disruptions educational proces minimize impacts sensitive receptors r (ii) Avoid construct during operation sensitive receptors kindergartens educational facilitie etc. (iii) No or limited r weekend works operation of heav during the day; (iv) Avoid movemer and machineries cultural heritage sensitive receptors possible, especially where the sensitive are particularly close	and the time g process to ms of the measure for each other ties, hospitals of and ensure ties, hospitals of the measure ties	regard re ii — ch site, special on to Keda, kere, Vani regard re iv — ch site, special on to cani, lza, Keda, Micco cani, lza, Keda, here, Kareli, Oni, ani	oise and vibration easurement data eets the standards of special omplaints received elated to noise and bration issues frastructure ability is assessed onitoring is being onducted	Contract	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm PIU	Throughout constructio n phase	Additional expenses due to time constraints  Costs related to up to date equipment and its maintenance

possible when reloading trucks; (vii) Install acoustic enclosures and noise isolation around construction areas; (viii) Setting up local hoardings, screens or barriers to shied particularly noisy activities (ix) Provide hearing protection devices against noise; (x) Assess the infrastructure stability at the detailed design stage; (xi) Use a damper to absorb	site, with special attention to Kutaisi, Telavi, Abasha, Chkhorotsku, Tsalenjikha, Samtredia, Terjola, Vale, Bolnisi, Gardabani, Kareli, Keda,			
devices against noise; (x) Assess the infrastructure stability at the detailed design stage;	Samtredia, Terjola, Vale, Bolnisi, Gardabani,			

EMF exposure caused by electrical substation	recommended by ICNIRP; (ii) EMF baseline measurement near the school and workshop buildings prior to the construction.	Khoni site	Measurement data available;  EMF exposure level near the school and workshop buildings is below the limits recommended by ICNIRP	Contract	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm	Before commence ment of the works	Costs related to the measurement
Air pollution due to increased traffic volume, movement of construction machinery and generation of dust from construction activities	measurement at least on the CO parameter; and Ozone (O <sub>3</sub> )	Regarding the measure I CO measurement -special attention to Gardabani, Telavi, Aspindza, Keda, Abasha and Oni; and Ozone for each site  Regarding the measure (iii) - for each site, with spatial attention to Gardabani, Aspindza,Tsn ori, Keda sites;	Measurement data is in place and meets the permissible emission standards	Contract	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm	Before commence ment of works/throu ghout constructio n phase	Costs related to up-to-date equipment and monitoring

	(x)Rei from possit (xi)se where (xii) monite	exhaust ventilation possible; Conduct air quality oring at construction sites.						
waste	waste and waste each comm (ii) manage construction (iii) gener (iv) Wand duthe acc (v) All each demole (vi) Marea, site construction (vii) Tuthe new with look sending to screen.	Vaste collection, treatment disposal in accordance with excepted standards; llocation of special area in site for construction and lition debris; laintain photographs of the designed as the disposal and restore the area ruction is complete. Timely disposal of waste at earest official landfill agreed ocal municipalities ing of old metal equipment ap collection points.	For each site	Waste management plan is in place;  Materials management plan is in place;  Waste disposed on time;	Contract	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm PIU	Throughout construction phase	Cost related to construction waste management
conta due fuel, chem cemer other	and water (i) A mination mater o spill of other oil, toxic them standate and contain imperior in mater in and contain imperior in and contain and c	Avoid spilling hazardous rials, such as fuel, oils ad substances, and store accordance with accepted ards (using a secondary inment system and meable base liners).	For each site  Regarding the measure viii- spatial attention to Chiatura and Vani sites,	No soil and water contamination is observed	Contract or	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm	Throughout construction phase	Cost related to maintenance

	material	material; (iii) Placing excavation materials in approved locations; (iv) Maintenance of vehicle and other equipment only in the originally designated areas; (v) Coverage of trucks used for transportation; (vi) Carry out regular technical inspection of vehicles, especially for fuel, oil and battery fluid leakage; (vii) Prevention of rives contamination by construction material; (viii) particular attention should be paid to the Chiatura and Vani site, due to its proximity to the river.	due to its proximity to the river			PIU		
Movement of vehicles and construction equipment	Temporary traffic congestions	(i) Develop a traffic regulation plan including vehicles movement scheme and act accordingly; (ii) Provide traffic control equipment; (iii) Avoid moving vehicles next to the residential houses as much as possible and use alternative entrances; Avoid transportation during rush hours; Repair of damaged areas, if any.	For each site  Regarding the measure iii – for each site with special attention to Tsnori, Gardabani, Aspindza	Traffic management plan including vehicle movement scheme is on place;  Damaged are repaired	Contract	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm	Throughout constructio n phase	Costs related to traffic regulation
Rehabilitation /demolishing works	Using asbestos containing materials (ACM) during construction works	(i) ACM shall not be used as a new material for rehabilitation of existing facilities or in construction of new ones; (ii) Removal and disposal of existing asbestos-roofing sheets in accordance with the internationally recognized standards and state regulations;	For each site Old auxiliary buildings with ACM roofing	Absence of ACM  Disposal is done in accordance with the internationally recognized standards	Contract or	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm	Throughout construction phase	Costs related to removal and disposal

Excavation at construction site	Excavations at construction sites may lead to soil stability,	<ul> <li>(iii) Removal activities to be scheduled during student' absence time;</li> <li>(iv)Equip workers with special equipment.</li> <li>(i) Determining the exact location of the excavations</li> <li>(ii) Estimate the volume of excavation material;</li> </ul>	Spatial attention to Kutaisi, Telavi,	Archeological specimens are not damaged	Contract or	Architect ural Design and	Throughout constructio n phase	Construction related costs
	health and safety issues. The process can cause damage to archeological specimens and underground objects.	(iii) Avoid extra land excavation; (iv) Limited movement of vehicles used for excavation; (v) Implement erosion protection measures; (vi) Installation of barricades and special signboard; (vii) Excavation in accordance with a specific requirement without damaging the underground facilities; (viii) Immediate stop of activities in case of discovery of architectural objects and informing the MOESCS.	Abasha, Chkhorotsku, Tsalenjikha, Samtredia, Terjola, Vale, Bolnisi, Gardabani, Kareli, Keda, Duisi, Aspindza, Tsnori, Mukhrani and Oni site	Underground utilities are not damaged		Construct ion Supervisi on Firm		
Temporary relocation of utility supplies	Possible damage of utility supplies	(i) Perform the activity carefully and in a timely manner; and (ii) Involve all relevant structures.	For each site	Utilities are not damaged; no complaints from local communities	Contract or  Municipal ity and other relevant institution s	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm	Throughout construction phase and at the completion of construction works	Usually municipality takes responsibility for relocations
	Impact on flora and fauna species and their habitats	(i) Assessment the area and avoid environmental sensitive areas during construction; (ii) Avoid building in a place covered by trees or other	For each site	Detailed information on vegetation cover and existing wildlife species provided in Site-specific EMPs;	Contract or	Architect ural Design and Construct	Before starting of t works Throughout	Experts related cost;  Possible costs related

		vegetation; (iii) Avoid works in areas populated by important wildlife species; (iv) Obtaining of special permits in case of necessary cutting or trees and other vegetation (MOEPA, local authorities); (v) Planting to compensate damage appropriate ratio and in accordance to the regulations; (vi) Develop alternative designs as needed		No significant impact on biodiversity;  Damage is compensated		ion Supervisi on Firm PIU	constructio n phase	to the development of alternative designs
Use of drinking water	Drinking water do not meet the requirements of technical regulation for drinking water	(i) Supply workers with bottled water during the construction period; - Improving drinking water quality through: Visual inspection of the water supply system to determine whether the headwork (water intake point), water pipes and/or reservoirs are damaged or contaminated and sampling from various sections and points; - Elimination of technical damages if detected on pipes and reservoirs; (ii) Microbiological sterilization of water by chlorine, ozone, or ultraviolet treatment in case of headwork's contamination.	Spatial attention to Kareli and Gardabani sites	No health-related issues caused by drinking water  Results of chemical and microbiological examinations in Kareli and Gardabani Public Schools meets the requirements of technical regulation for drinking water	Contract or Relevant state institution s	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm	Prior to the start of the works/Thro ughout constructio n phase	Costs related to the water quality improvement and monitoring
Campsite arrangements	Occupational health and safety issues due to the risks associated with physical, chemical, biological	(i) Develop an emergency response plan; (ii) Provide the camp with separate toilets (preferable bio toilets) and provide health and safety equipment (uniforms, helmets, goggles, sun-protection equipment etc.), first aid kits,	For each site	Emergency response plan is in place Physical Injuries are not observed Teacher and	Contract or	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm	Throughout constructio n	Health and safety related costs

	hazards	including snake venom drugs and bee venom antidotes;		students are trained				
		(ii) Provide trainings to workers on health and safety issues.		Equipment is in place		PIU		
	Public health safety risks caused by improper fencing. Transmission of diseases (including COVID-19) from workers to community and vice versa	(i) Ensure appropriate fencing of the area (ii) Carry out activities remotely from the public; (iii) Compliance with the COVID-19 guidelines of the Government of Georgia and ADB.	For each site	The area is properly fenced	Contract	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm	Throughout constructio n	Health and safety related costs
Restoration of construction site	Impact on the existing environment, including utilities and landscape	(i) Develop a rehabilitation and restoration plan for each site to repair/restore damage prior to leaving the site; (ii) Disposal of materials used for construction or rehabilitation in accordance with accepted standards and specific plans; (iii) Restore area as equal to the original condition (iv) Compensate damage to biodiversity if any	All sites	Rehabilitation/restor ation plan is in place;  Damaged is restored  Restored area is equal to the original condition;  Damage on biodiversity is compensated.	Contract	Architect ural Design and Construct ion Supervisi on Firm	Throughout operational phase	Costs related to restoration
Operational Ph	nase							

Equip and operation of vibration in the workshops workshops workshops absorbing materials in fluid flow and windows and cover fluid flow and windows providing sound transmission loss and cover absorbing materials in fluid flow and windows providing sound transmission loss and cover and windows providing sound transmission loss and cover ation with sound-transmission loss and cover ation with a standards; and without a standards; and without a standards; and without a standards at a standard	
the workshops caused by mechanical impact, air or woodworking workshops; the workshops the workshops and cover ceilings and walls with sound-absorbing materials in to standards; transmission loss and cover measure I, ii, iii - data meet the established standards; phase phase transmission loss and cover measure I, ii, iii - Special attention to standards;	
workshops caused by ceilings and walls with sound-measure I, ii, iii - data meet the established absorbing materials in impact, air or woodworking workshops; to standards; Other ation unit relevant authoritie	
mechanical absorbing materials in Special attention established ation unit relevant impact, air or woodworking workshops; to standards;	
impact, air or woodworking workshops; to standards; authoritie	
the vibrating teachers and students by Kharagauli, Equipment does	
surfaces of a installing sound-proof barriers Tsnori and Oni not exceed the	
machine and providing buffer zones in sites maximum noise	
woodworking workshops; permissible	
(iii) Installation of heavy bases limits and are	
for noisy equipment and isolate equipped	
them from other equipment in Regarding the accordingly	
woodworking workshops; measure iv – for	
(iv) Select equipment that does each site with	
not exceed the permissible noise   special attention	
and vibration permissible limits to Gardabani,	
and equip them with silencers   Kutaisi State	
and dampers. Special attention   University, Duisi,	
to the sites with old Keda sites	
infrastructure;	
(v) Reduce outdoor noise in Regarding the	
buildings by using sound- measure v-	
absorbing materials such as particular	
soundproofing panels or drywalls attention to be	
or reinforce frames through open payed to	
cell foam and by installing Mukhrani and	
doubled glass windows; Kutaisi College.	
(vi) Operation of workshops	
during the day; Regarding the	
(vii) Noise and vibration level activity v – for	
monitoring. each site, wit	
spatial attention	
to Mukhrani and	
Kutaisi College	4
Hazardous (i) Collect waste in appropriate For each site Toxic and Administr Administr Throughout the containing of the containing the containing of the containing the con	
waste generation containers to prevent possible hazardous ation operations	I costs
and spillage and emanation; Regarding the waste treated in phase	
air pollution as (ii) Disposal of waste generated   measures iv –   accordance with   Other	

potential impacts caused by operation different workshops; generation sawdust; her problems	of of	at various workshops in according with regulations; (iii) Provide equipment with appropriate filters and other necessary technical means; (iv) Installation of appropriate exhaust system equipped with special fire protection means in culinary art workshops. Ozone generators and UV treatments can be also used, but only on the basis of a preliminary analysis of its expediency, as it needs regular maintenance compensated by reduced frequency of duct cleaning and risk of fire; (v) Installation of exhausting ventilation system for each student work table in the wooden workshop to prevent toxic fumes from solvents and paints. (vi) Installation of wood dust collector and regular cleaning the machinery in each wood-processing workshop; (vii) Arrangement utility sink for cleaning the special equipment in wood processing workshops; (vii) Work out the waste disposal plan for pharmaceutical workshop.	with spatial attention to (iv) Vale, Duisi, Chkhorotsku, Kareli, Keda, Sachkhere, Samtredia and Khoni sites.  Regarding the measures v,vi — special attention to Abasha, Terjola, Kharagauli, Tsnori and Oni sites  Regarding the measures vi — special attention to Abasha, Terjola, Kharagauli, Tsnori and Oni, Vale, Duisi, Chkhorotsku, Kareli, Keda, Sachkhere, Samtredia and Khoni sites.  Regarding the measure vii — spatial attention to the Kutaisi State University site.  For each site	the correspon standards regulation	and	Administr	relevant authoritie s	Throughout	Costs related
Zimming Wi	a.o.	., . diedie memoring of water	. 51 54511 5115	2King	water	, tarriirioti	, tarriirioti	IIIIoagiloat	3000 1010100

quality may not	quality in each project site;		quality meets	ation	ation	operational	to monitoring
meet the	(ii) Periodic monitoring of nitrate	Special attention	the requirement			phase	
requirements of	level where according to the	to Kareli and	of technical		Relevant		
technical	preliminary assessment, the	Gardabani Public	regulation for		state		
regulation on	nitrate content was close to the	Schools;	drinking water		authoritie		
drinking water	maximum permissible	5 " "			S		
	concentration;	Regarding the					
	(iii) Periodic monitoring of water	measure ii-					
	quality with portable test kits	spatial attention					
	measuring the free chlorine in	to Tsnori site					
	the water.	Demondian the					
		Regarding the					
		measure iii – for each site					
Health and	(i) Equip workshop ventilation	For each site	Health and		Administr	Throughout	Costs related
safety issues for	and related system with UV air	i oi eacii site	safety issue s	Administr	ation	operational	to monitoring
trainers and	filters to prevent the risk of	With regard to	are fully	ation	ation	phase	to monitoring
students working	spreading infections;	the measure ii –	considered in	ation	Relevant	pridoc	
otadorito Working	(ii) Prevent taking of high risk	for each site with	each project site		state		
in	containing material (flammable,	spatial attention	odon project one		authoritie		
specific	toxic, explosive and high voltage	to Kutaisi, Vale,	Emergency		S		
workshops	equipment) in workshops,	Duisi, Aspindza,	response plan				
P -	especially in electronics and	Chiatura,	developed for				
	robotics workshops;	Chkhorotsku,	each site				
	(iii) Allocate separate space for	Kareli,					
	servers and UPS devices,	Kharagauli,	Teachers and				
	isolated from students and	Tsnori,	students are				
	teachers in ICT workshops;	Tsalenjikha, Vani;	trained in health				
	(iv) Develop an emergency plan		and safety				
	for each workshop place;	Regarding the	issues				
	(v) Equip students and trainers	measure iii - for					
	with appropriate personal	each site with					
	protective equipment, such as	spatial attention					
	safety goggles, hearing	to Telavi,					
	protectors, respirators/masks	Abasha, Bolnisi,					
	etc.;	Gardabani, Keda,					
	(vi) Wearing appropriate	Mukhrani, Oni,					
	clothing;	Sachkhere,					
	Use of equipment, machinery	Samtredia,					
	and tools in safe conditions;	Terjola, Khoni					

(vii) I	Equip workshops with first s;			
	emergency			
lighte	ning, fire			
	detecting and			
firefig	hting equipment;			
(ix) electr	Use of high standard			
	ations/equipment;			
	stall power isolators; I sockets, plugs and cables			
	e places;			
lii sai	e piaces,			
(xi) T	rain students and teachers			
	achinery and equipment			
prote	ction;			
	rain students and teachers			
on he	ealth and safety issues and			

ACM = asbestos containing material, ADB = Asian Development Bank, IEE = initial environmental examination, EMP = environmental management plan, PIU = project implementation unit, TA = technical assistance.

Source: Technical Assistance-9790 GEO.

# GEORGIA: Modern Skills for Better Jobs Sector Development Program Grievance Redress Mechanism

LOAN 4034 GEO, Project Number: 52339-001 (Financed by the Asian Development Bank)

Prepared by: Project Implementation Unit for the Ministry of Education and Science of Georgia and Asian Development Bank

#### 2022 June

#### **ABBREVIATIONS**

ADCSF - architectural design and construction supervision firm

CBTA - competency based training and assessment

COVID-19 - coronavirus disease

DDR - Due Diligence Report

SDDR - Supplementary Due Diligence Report

GoG - Government of Georgia

GRM - grievance redress mechanism

GRCE - grievance redress committee

GRCN - grievance redress commission

LAR - land acquisition and resettlement

MOES - Ministry of Education and Science

NQF - national qualifications framework

NGO - non-government organizations

PIU - project implementation unit

PPP - public private partnerships

SPS - Safeguard Policy Statement

SSOs - sector skills organizations

VET - vocational education and training

GFP - grievance focal person

#### **Grievance Redress Mechanism**

A GRM is a formalized system of accepting, assessing and resolving/ addressing community feedback or complaints. It provides predictable, transparent, and credible processes to all parties, resulting in outcomes that are relatively low cost, fair, and effective. GRMs build on trust as an integral component and facilitate corrective action and pre-emptive engagement. They also set out a timeframe in the resolution of complaints. The GRM will be established and operated in compliance with Georgian legislation and ADB's Safeguard Policy Statement (SPS) 2009 requirements.

At the national level, the Administrative Code of Georgia is the primary legislation defining the rules and procedures for grievance review and resolution. According to this law, the administrative body receiving officially lodged claims is obliged to review the claims, engage the claimant in the grievance review and resolution process, and make the final decision in the resolution of the claim/ complaint. In particular, the grievance package includes:

- (i) Name of the administrative body to whom the complaints are addressed;
- (ii) Name, address, and contact details of the claimant;
- (iii) Name of the administrative body, who's decisions or administrative acts are the subject of complain;
- (iv) Name of the administrative act or decision, which is subject of complain;
- (v) Content of the claim;
- (vi) The context and facts, based on which the complaint is substantiated;
- (vii) List of attachments.

#### **GRM**, Grievance Redress Committee and Grievance Focal Persons

The GRM consists of project-specific systems established at the municipal level and regular system established at the PIU. The grievance redress committee (GRCE) will be established at the municipal level as a project-specific instrument, functional for the whole period of the project implementation. The grievance redress commission (GRCN) is formed as an informal structure within the PIU to ensure grievance review, resolution and record.

A GRCE will be formed to administer project-specific grievances exercising grievance redress mechanism and handle grievances at Stage 1 of the GRM. The GRCE is the first-instance body to be established at the community level in each affected Municipality (village/community authority) and includes representatives of Municipal LAR teams and local communities. The PIU through safeguards specialist of ADCSF shall

coordinate the GRCE formation. He/she will then be responsible for the coordination of GRC activities and organizing meetings (convener). In addition, GRCE shall comprise village Rtsmunebuli or his/her representative, representatives of APs, women APs and appropriate local non-government organizations (NGOs) to allow voices of the affected communities to be heard and ensure a participatory decision-making process.

The grievance redress commission GRCN is formed by the order of the head of PIU as a permanently functional structure, engaging personnel of the implementing agency (IA), in this case the Ministry of Education and Science MOES, from all departments having regard to environmental safeguard and LAR issues and complaint resolution. MOES representative, PIU top management representative, PIU monitoring, evaluation and reporting specialist, layer and engineer and other relevant persons. The GRCN is involved at the Stage 2 of grievance resolution process. The order shall also state that, if necessary, representatives of local authorities, NGOs, auditors, APs and any other persons or entities can be included in the commission as its members.

GRCEs will be established at the community level with PIU order and following composition: safeguards specialist of architectural design and construction supervision firm ADCSF, Gamgebeli – concerned Gamgeoba (village level), representatives of civil works contractor, NGO representative, APs representative, acting as grievance focal person (GFPs).

Safeguard's specialist of ADCSF is coordinating the work of the committee and at the same time s/he is nominated as a contact person for collecting the grievances and handling grievance log. The local authorities at the municipal level, contractor, as well as APs (through informal meetings) are informed about the contact person and his contact details are available in offices of all mentioned stakeholders.

The ADCSF will assist the project affected communities/villages identify local representatives to act as grievance focal person GFPs. The GFPs will be responsible for (i) acting as community representatives in formal meetings between the project team and the local community s/he represents; (ii) communicating the community members' grievances and concerns to the contractor during project implementation.

A pre-mobilization public consultation meeting will be convened by the PIU and will be attended by the GFPs, representatives of the contractor(s) and other interested parties (e.g. district level representatives, NGOs, etc. The objectives of the meeting will be as follows:

- (i) Introduction of key personnel of each stakeholder including roles and responsibilities;
- (ii) Presentation of project information of immediate concern to the communities by the contractor (timing and location of specific construction activities, design issues, access constraints etc.) This will include a summary of the EMP—its purpose and implementation arrangements;
- (iii) Establishment and clarification of the GRM to be implemented during project implementation including proactive public relations activities proposed by the project team, ensures that communities are continually advised of project progress and associated constraints throughout project implementation period.

In the operational stage, complaints will be resolved at GRCE level.

### **Project Grievance Redressed Process**

During the actual operationalization of the GRM, the process and communication flows will be centered with GRM Coordinator. ADCSF will serve as GRM coordinator. The GRM coordinator will take initiative to be observant of any issue and will try to obtain information, which will be used at the subsequent GRM process stages. Under normal processing through the GRM, complaints undergo four major procedural stages as follows:

**Stage I**: Registration and Initial Assessment. This is the entry point of complaint wherein the complainant is allowed to tell his side of the issue and to be assured that his grievance will be seriously and expeditiously dealt with. The following are the tasks in this stage:

- Receive Grievance. This task will entail listening intently from the source of the complaint, filling out the complaint form and registering the complaint in a GRM registry book, and assigning a GRM reference number. The complainant or representative shall affix a signature and provide contact particulars on the complaint form. Important information shall be entered in the complaint form, which can be supplemented by additional documents.
- Obtain Comprehensive Information. The GRM coordinator will mobilize some staff to obtain as much information as possible from the location where the complaint originated, the impact area and the outlying areas. Field information will be gathered using necessary survey methodologies, equipment and devices. Interviews shall be conducted directly from the field to have the actual appreciation of the nature of the complaint and to obtain other versions of the issue. It would be necessary to talk and discuss with as many people as possible who have direct and indirect knowledge of the problem. Photographs and videos shall be obtained, which can be used later in the analysis of the problem. Secondary backup information shall also be acquired to determine background information and cross-reference it with other sources of information.
- Screen and Assess: After gathering all the available and obtainable information, the GRM coordinator with the support of the staff shall analyze the complaint and determine the admissible information. The team will render an opinion on whether the complaint is project related or not and provide justifications for such opinion. The findings shall be communicated to the complainant upon which, in case of disagreement, supplementary information may have to be provided by the complainant.

**Stage II**: Initial Resolution. Based on the opinions of the screening and upon presentation of additional documentary evidences by the complainant, GRM coordinator will direct the complaint to one of the following options:

-Refer to appropriate authorities. If the issue is not relevant to the project, the GRM coordinator will refer the issue to appropriate competent office and explain to the complainant the reasons. S/he will advise the complainant on what to do and provide contact particulars to that appropriate office if available. Primarily, these can be the Ministry of Environment Protection and Agriculture, local authorities or the local court in district or region that has jurisdiction on the issue. Also, if available and possible s/he can refer the complainant to some people who can really be of good help (e.g., NGOs). After these steps, the matter will be considered closed and resolution acceptance form will be issued for

the acceptance and signature of the complainant. Relevant information regarding the resolved complaint shall be gathered and a cross entry shall be entered in the GRM registry book.

- Resolve within the project. If the complaint is found to be project related, the contractor/s will be given directive to resolve the matter. It would be necessary to have a meeting with the contractor/s' project manager regarding the issue. The meeting will entail determination of the most preferred options, which will be part of the next stage of GRM process.
- Reject the complaint with clear explanation. When in the opinion of the committee complaint is not project related, it is rejected and such decision will be communicated to the complainant, after which the matter will be considered closed and all relevant information shall form part of the archived information.

**Stage III**: Selection of Approach and Strategy. At this stage, the complaint will be accepted and agreed the proper approach and strategy for its resolution. Depending on the gravity of the situation and of the complaint the GRM has the following options:

- Contractor/s recommend solution. In this approach, as in most cases, the contractor shall decide on the technical solution to the issue and implement the measure/s. This seems straightforward especially if this is within the scope and obligations of the contract. Some contractual issues may arise pertaining to cost and payment considerations, but this can be decided by the contractor. After due decision is made on the division of scope and responsibility, the GRM coordinator will oversee the implementation of the resolution or measures and report to the PIU. The progress of the execution of works is documented with periodic reporting to PIU. The complainant is also apprised on the progress of the work for better attainment of results and for improved effectiveness of the measures.
- Complainant joint solution. In some cases, the cooperation and collaborative effort of the complainant is necessary to provide some avenues to facilitate the devising of a solution. It is a good strategy to involve the complainant in the problem-solving process as it can generate cooperation.
- Third party arbitration. In complicated matters where the complainant is reluctant to work directly with the contractor, the complaint can be elevated for arbitration. This may not be an easy approach as the project will have to organize and set up an arbitrating party, perceived as impartial, to execute the process. Nevertheless, this can still be pursued if both the contractor and the complainant agree to use this approach.

Local conflict resolution. These may be through the local courts, council of elders in the village, through the appointed head of local municipality, etc. Issues may be discussed through these avenues, and with the participation of the contractor, consensus can be arrived at for the benefit of those affected directly and indirectly.

**Stage IV:** Execution of Measures and Documentation. At this stage, the agreed solution or measures are implemented by the contractor under the supervision of the ADCSF and tracked by the GRM coordinator for documentary purposes.

-Execute solution. The execution of solution will entail engagement of the contractor and his staff. Designs or schemes will be agreed upon and are to be checked by the staff as part of their facilitation tasks. Equipment and materials will be employed, and work will be performed by

the contractor and supervised by the ADCSF.

-Document the progress. The GRM coordinator will undertake full documentation of the work, and shall also include designs and schemes, costing, photographs of the work (before, during and after), which will form part of the progress reporting and documentation archive of the GRM.

At this stage, the complainant may either be satisfied or not satisfied, and the issue persists. The following pathways ensue in each of the cases: if the issue is deemed to be resolved satisfactorily, the grievance is considered 'Resolved' and two more tasks are to be accomplished:

- -Completing the documentation. The GRM coordinator will complete all documentation and ask the complainant to sign the resolution acceptance form that s/he was satisfied with the measures implemented.
- -Recording acceptance: In the end, the GRM coordinator will put an entry in the GRM registry book that the grievance is resolved.

In case the issue is not resolved, the complaint and grievance will follow another pathway entailing the following sub-tasks and then revert to Stage III to repeat the process:

- -Review the complaint. The GRM coordinator will initiate a review and if necessary, request the group for larger review. The purpose of this is to determine other underlying issues that led to the non-resolution of the complaint.
- -Assign appropriate staff. It may be necessary to appoint appropriate staff to assist in the process or even obtain outside assistance from some governmental offices. The GRM coordinator will seek out other staff who can contribute to the resolution of the issue.
- -Formulate approach/ strategy options: The GRM should also determine if the approach itself was the cause of the non-resolution of the issue. In this instance, the contractor may need to revisit the initial approach and further refine it or even change it entirely if required. During this internal sub-process, the GRM coordinator should be proactive in documenting every step, which will form part of the documentation and progress monitoring of the GRM process.

The timeline for resolution of complaint for each level (GRCE, GRCN) will be not more than 2 weeks for each level and not more than 1 month for the whole cycle (excluding the specific cases).

A complainant may also register/file a case in a court of law. The GRM doesn't impede access to the country's judicial or administrative remedies and a complainant can access the courts at any point in time. However, all efforts will be made to settle the issues raised at the GRCE/GRCN level. All complaints and resolutions will be properly documented by the PIU and made available for review, monitoring and evaluation purposes. In addition, the complainant can appeal the decision and bring the case to the ADB Accountability Mechanism (AM). The project level GRM does not in any way, impede the access of the complainants to the ADB AM or the country's judicial or administrative remedies. Should the complainant wish to register a complaint with the ADB AM, the focal person should provide the complainants the ADB AM contact information.

#### **Grievance Process Flow Chart**

**Stage I**: Registration and Initial Assessment

- 1) Receive Grievance
- 2) Obtain Comprehensive Information
  - 3) Screen and Assess



Stage II: Initial Resolution

- 1) Refer to appropriate authorities
  - 2) Resolve within the project
- 3) Reject the complaint with clear explanation



Stage III: Selection of Approach and Strategy

- 1) Contractor/s recommend solution
  - 2) Complainant joint solution
    - 3) Third party arbitration



**Stage IV:** Execution of Measures and Documentation

- 1) Execute solution
- 2) Document the progress

The timeline for resolution of complaint for each level (GRCE, GRCN) will be not more than 2 weeks for each level and not more than 1 month for the whole cycle (excluding the specific cases)

## Templates and Schedules

#### Grievance Form

Modern Skills for Better Jobs Sector Development Program				
Citizen (Name & Surname)				
Personal Number				
Actual address				
Telephone				
Email				

Facility address (name of the facility and address in connection with which the dispute arose)

Type of work (describe what type of work is underway or planned)

Content of the grievance (describe what has affected or may have affected you)

Desired result (describe what actions you want the foundation to take and the result you want to achieve)

Evidence (indicate the evidence you can present or attach to the grievance)

Applicant's signature and date

The grievance log sh	ll include at least the	following information:
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- 1. Date of the grievance receipt
- 2. Front Office registration number
- 3. Name of the grievance author
- 4. Phone number of the grievance author
- 5. E-mail of the grievance author
- 6. Grievance object (address or name of the object)
- 7. Subject matter of the grievance
- 8. Name & surname of the grievance reviewer
- 9. Department (s) involved
- 10. Grievance review status (in the process of processing, documentation requested, satisfied, rejected, sent to the Commission, satisfied by the Commission, rejected by the Commission, closed-out)
- 11. Date of consideration by the Commission
- 12. Actions taken
- 13. Date of action
- 14. Grievance close-out date
- 15. Feedback Letter #
- 16. Note

### Notice of Grievance Redress Outcome

This letter shall contain the following information:					
1. Addressee Name & Surname					
2. Address of the addressee					
3. Registration number and date of the grievance					

- 4. Date of grievance
- 5. Grievance author
- 6. Documents analyzed during the review
- 7. Outcome/decision of the grievance review
- 8. Expected actions (if any)
- 9. Where can this decision be appealed (in the Grievance Redress Commission of the PIU, in the court, ADB Georgia Regional Office, ADB Head Office)

# **Grievance Close-Out Report** (To be filled in only if the grievance is satisfied or partially satisfied) Date of filing the grievance \_\_\_\_\_ Front Office registration number \_\_\_\_\_ Name & Surname of the grievance author \_\_\_\_\_ Phone number of the grievance author \_\_\_\_\_ Grievance Object (address or name of the object) Subject-matter of the grievance \_\_\_\_\_ Grievance review instance \_\_\_\_\_ Grievance reviewer (Name & Surname) The decision made as a result of the grievance review When will the applicant be notified of the outcome of the hearing What actions were planned?

What actions were taken?				
When will the applicant be notified of the actions				
Signature and date of the responsible person				

#### **Annex 3 Public consultations**

N	Projects description	Status of public consultation	Data	Time	Contact Information
1.	Akhmeta Municipality Village Duisi Public school	done	June 8	done	done
2.	Levan Devdariani Gardabani Public School #1	done	June 9	done	done
3.	Telavi college (HUB)	done	June 8	done	done
4.	Zestaponi Public School #6	done	June 11	done	done
5.	Terjola Public School #2	done	June 11	done	done
6.	Sighnaghi Municipality Tsnori Public School #1	done	June 8	done	done

Akhmeta Municipality Village Duisi Public school (public consultation June 8)



Levan Devdariani Gardabani Public School #1 (public consultation June 9)



Telavi college (HUB) (public consultation June 8)



Zestaponi Public School #6 (public consultation June 11)



Terjola Public School #2 (public consultation June 11)



Sighnaghi Municipality Tsnori Public School #1 (public consultation June 8)

